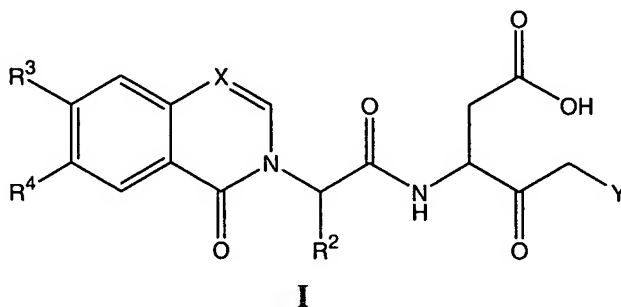


## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Previously presented) A compound of formula I:



X is CH;

Y is halo, trifluorophenoxy, or tetrafluorophenoxy;

R<sup>2</sup> is C<sub>1-6</sub> straight chained or branched alkyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, halo, OCF<sub>3</sub>, CN, or CF<sub>3</sub>; and

R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, halo, OCF<sub>3</sub>, SR, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, Ar, or T-Ar; wherein:

T is O or S;

R is a C<sub>1-6</sub> straight chained or branched alkyl;

Ar is a phenyl ring optionally substituted with 1-3 groups selected from halo, CH<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, OMe, OCF<sub>3</sub>, and

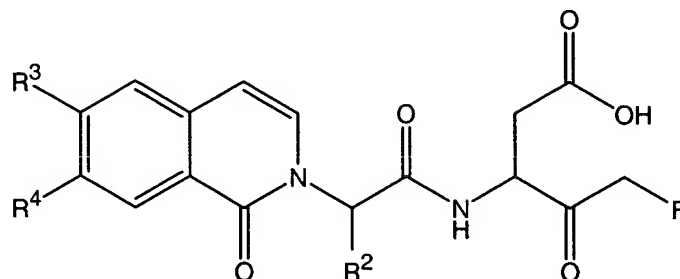
NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>; and

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> each is independently H or C<sub>1-6</sub> straight chained or branched alkyl, or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup>, taken together, form a 5-7 membered ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S, NH, and N(C<sub>1-6</sub>-straight chained or branched alkyl); provided that when Y is halo, then both, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>, are not simultaneously hydrogen.

2. (Original) The compound according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is ethyl, n-propyl, or isopropyl.

3. (Original) The compound according to claim 2, wherein Y is F, trifluorophenoxy, or tetrafluorophenoxy.

4. (Original) The compound according to claim 1, having formula IA:



IA

wherein:

R<sup>2</sup> is ethyl, n-propyl, or isopropyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently hydrogen, halo, OCF<sub>3</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub> or Ar, provided that both, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>, are not simultaneously hydrogen.

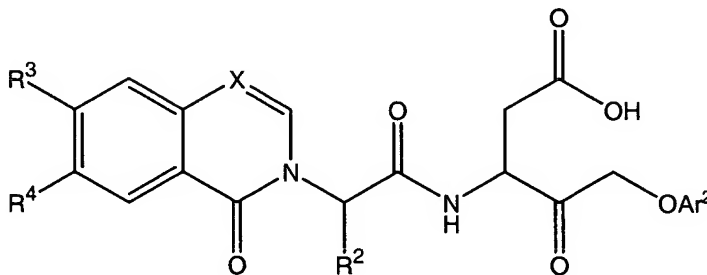
5. (Original) The compound according to claim 4, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is ethyl.

6. (Original) The compound according to claim 4, wherein R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen.

7. (Original) The compound according to claim 4 or claim 5, wherein R<sup>3</sup> is H, and R<sup>4</sup> is F, Cl, CN, Ar, or CF<sub>3</sub>.

8. (Original) The compound according to claim 7, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is Cl or CF<sub>3</sub>.

9. (Previously presented) The compound according to claim 1, having the formula IB:



IB

wherein:

X is CH;

$R^2$  is ethyl, n-propyl, or isopropyl;

$R^3$  and  $R^4$  are each independently hydrogen, halo,  $OCF_3$ , CN, or  $CF_3$ ; and  
 $Ar^2$  is trifluorophenyl or tetrafluorophenyl.

10. (Original) The compound according to claim 9, wherein  $Ar^2$  is 2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl.

11. (Original) The compound according to claim 9, wherein  $R^2$  is ethyl.

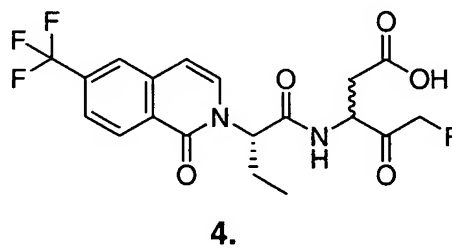
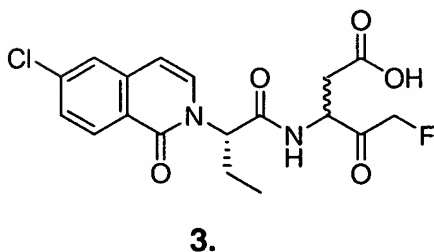
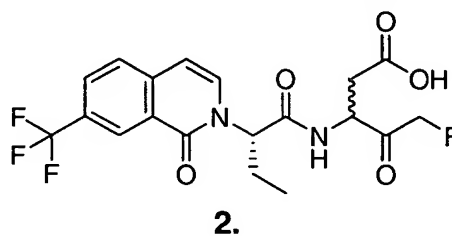
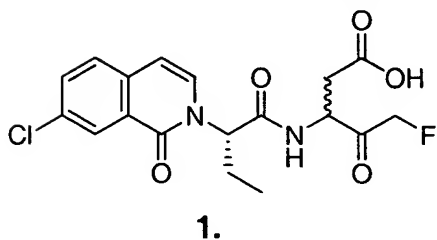
12. (Original) The compound according to claim 9, wherein X is CH.

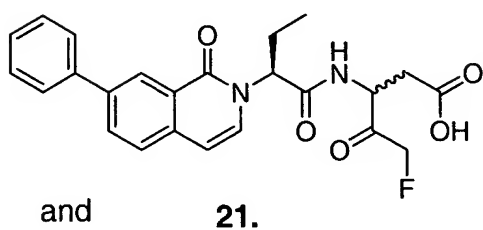
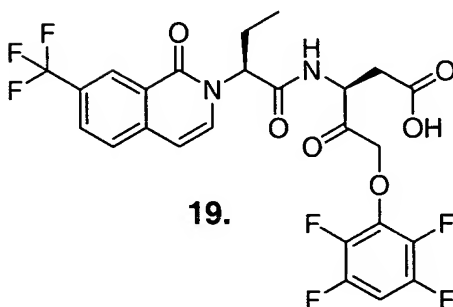
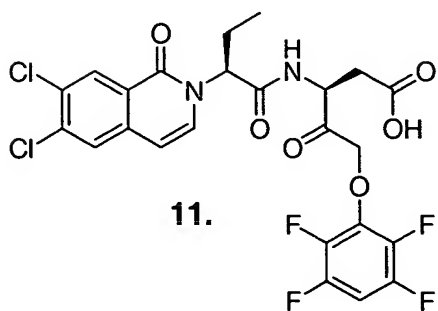
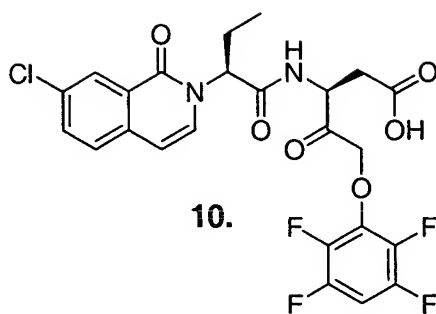
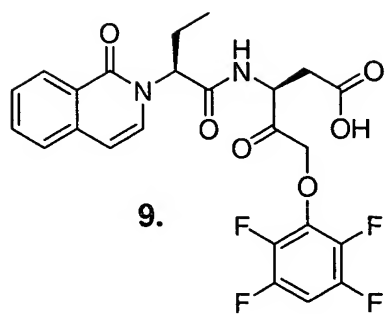
13. (Original) The compound according to claim 12, wherein  $R^4$  is Cl or  $CF_3$ .

14. (Original) The compound according to any one of claims 9-12, wherein  $R^3$  is H, and  $R^4$  is F, Cl, or  $CF_3$ .

15-19. (Canceled)

20. (Previously presented) The compound of claim 1, selected from:



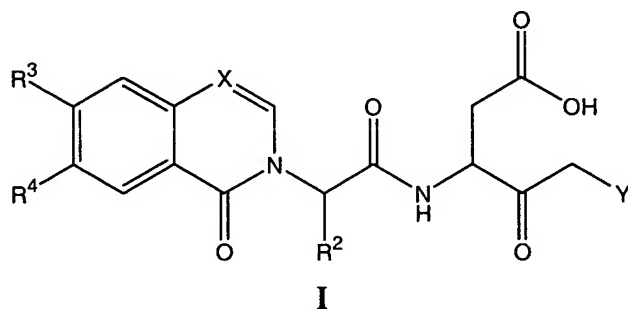


21. (Original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising:

- a) a compound according to claim 1; and
- b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, adjuvant or vehicle.

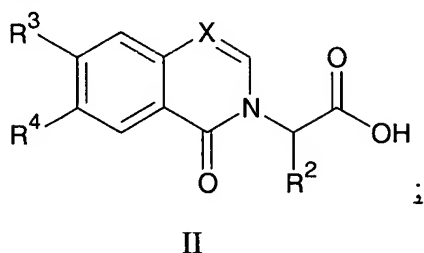
22-30. (Canceled)

31. (Previously presented) A method of preparing a compound of formula I,

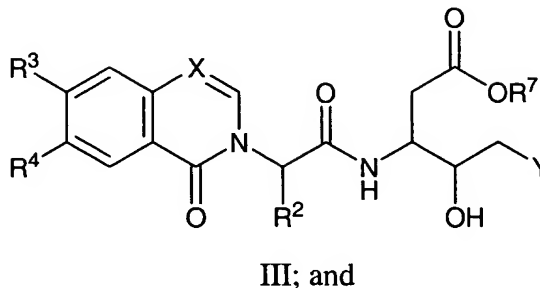
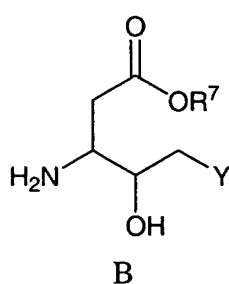


said method comprising:

reacting an acid or acid derivative of formula II,



with an amino alcohol of formula B, to provide a compound of formula III,



converting intermediate III to compound I, wherein;

X is CH;

Y is halo, trifluorophenoxy, or tetrafluorophenoxy;

R<sup>2</sup> is a C<sub>1-6</sub> straight chained or branched alkyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, halo, OCF<sub>3</sub>, CN, or CF<sub>3</sub>; and

R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, halo, OCF<sub>3</sub>, SR, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, Ar, or T-Ar;      wherein:

T is O or S;

R is a C<sub>1-6</sub> straight chained or branched alkyl;

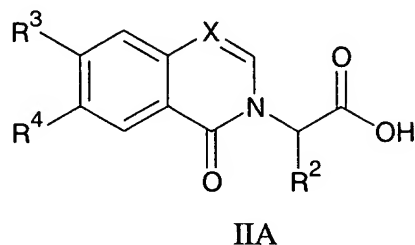
Ar is a phenyl ring optionally substituted with 1-3 groups selected from halo, CH<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, OMe, OCF<sub>3</sub>, and NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>;

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> each is independently H or C<sub>1-6</sub> straight chained or branched alkyl, or R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup>, taken together, form a 5-7 membered ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S, NH, and N(C<sub>1-6</sub> straight chained or branched alkyl); and

R<sup>7</sup> is a suitable protecting group;

provided that when Y is halo, then both,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$ , are not simultaneously hydrogen.

32. (Previously presented) A compound of formula IIA:



wherein;

X is CH;

$R^2$  is a  $C_{1-6}$  straight chained or branched alkyl;

$R^3$  is hydrogen, halo,  $OCF_3$ , CN, or  $CF_3$ ; and

$R^4$  is hydrogen, halo,  $OCF_3$ , SR, CN,  $CF_3$ , Ar, or T-Ar;      wherein:

T is O or S;

R is a  $C_{1-6}$  straight chained or branched alkyl;

Ar is a phenyl ring optionally substituted with 1-3 groups selected from halo,  $CH_3$ ,  $CF_3$ , CN, OMe,  $OCF_3$ , and

$NR^5R^6$ ; and

$R^5$  and  $R^6$  each is independently H or  $C_{1-6}$  straight chained or branched alkyl, or  $R^5$  and  $R^6$ , taken together, form a 5-7 membered ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S, NH, and N( $C_{1-6}$ -straight chained or branched alkyl).

33. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim ~~31~~ or 32 wherein  $R^2$  is ethyl or isopropyl.